

EMERGE PRESENTS



THE IPED STUDY

MULTI-CENTRE RCT OF A SMART PHONE BASED EVENT RECORDER ALONGSIDE STANDARD CARE VS STANDARD CARE FOR PATIENTS PRESENTING TO THE ED WITH PALPITATIONS AND PRE-SYNCOPE

MATT REED - CHIEF INVESTIGATOR

BACKGROUND

- 300,000 UK ED presentations a year
- Underlying rhythm diagnosis is difficult
- Only way to establish the underlying heart rhythm is to capture an ECG while the patient has symptoms
- 12-lead ECG and conventional ambulatory monitoring are of limited efficacy due to the infrequency of symptoms
- Holter diagnostic yield less than 20%





Competing interests:

The authors declare that they have no competing interests and no financial interest in the device used in this study. AliveCor had no involvement in the study.

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METHODS

- Multi-centre open label,
 randomised controlled
 trial
- Participants >16 years
 old presenting to 10 UK
 hospital EDs were
 included

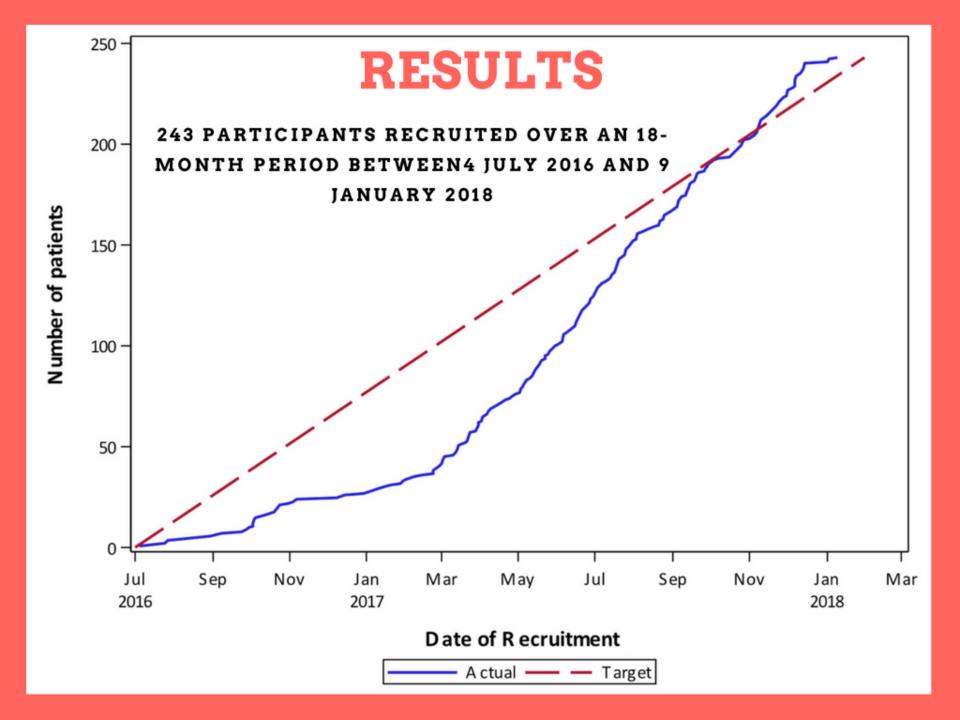


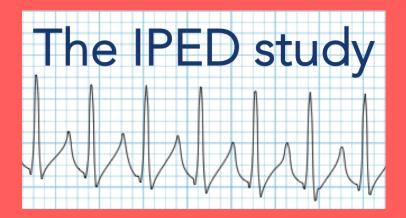
METHODS: INCLUSION CRITERIA

- Participant aged 16 years or over
- Participant presenting with an episode of palpitations or pre-syncope with no obvious cause
- Participant's underlying ECG rhythm during these episodes remains undiagnosed after clinical assessment

METHODS

- Participants were randomised to either
- (a) intervention group; standard care plus the use of a smart phone based event recorder or
- (b) control group; standard care alone
- Primary endpoint was symptomatic rhythm detection rate at 90 days





RESULTS

243 participants

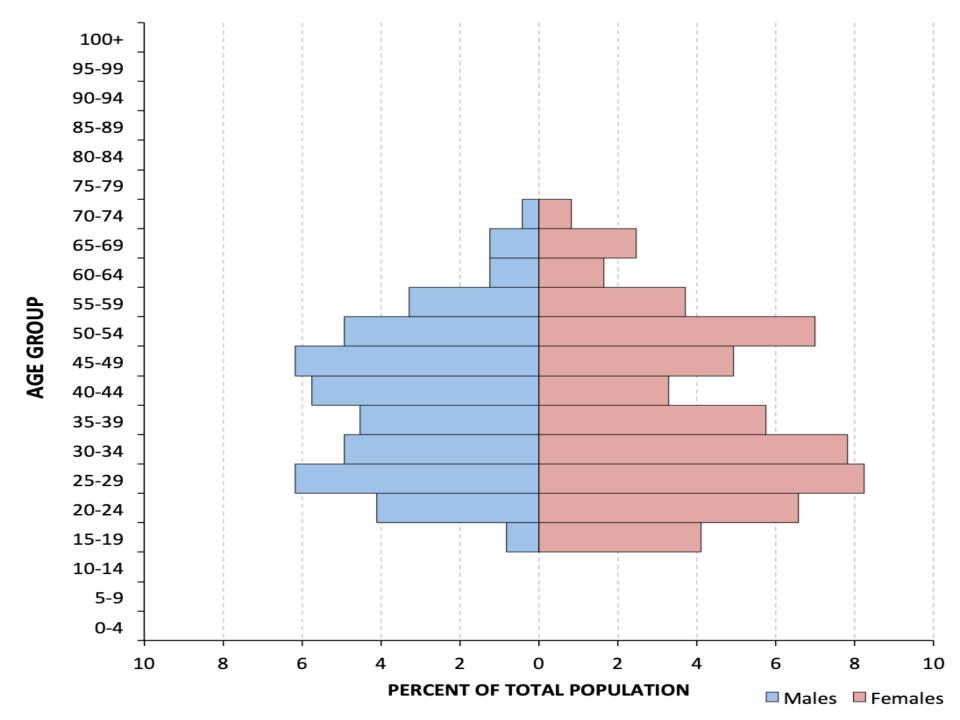
126 Intervention group 117 Control group

43% Male, 57% Female

91% Palpitations 9% Pre-syncope

Age 17-74 years

Mean = 40.0



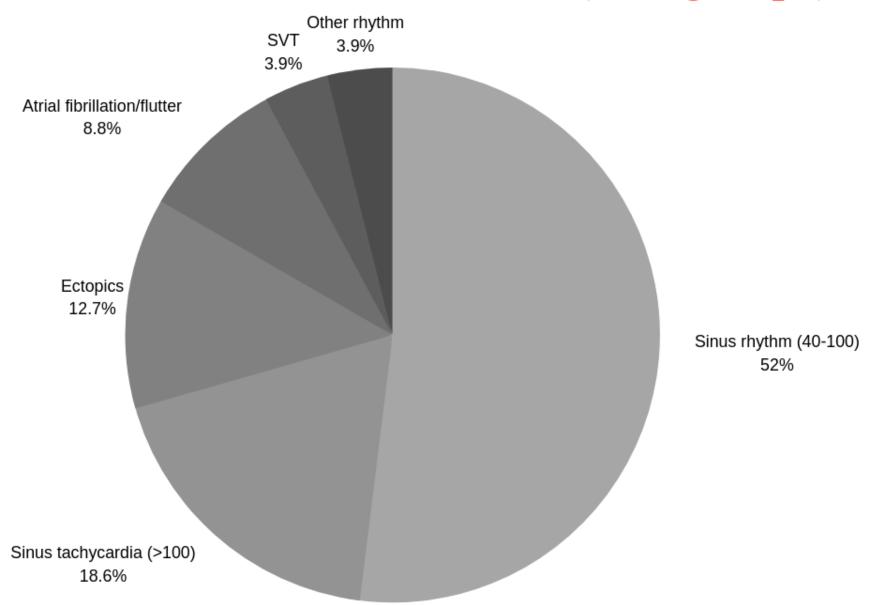
55.6% 9.5%

69 participants in the intervention group (n=124; 55.6%; 95% CI 46.9-64.4%)

11 participants in the control group (n=116; 9.5%; 95% CI 4.2-14.8)

p<0.001

SYMPTOMATIC RHYTHMS (both groups)



9.5 DAYS

42.9 DAYS

Intervention group

(SD 16.1, range 0-83)

Control group

(SD 16.0, range 12-66)

p<0.001

8.9% 0.9%

11 participants in the

intervention group

(n=124; 8.9%; 95% CI 3.9-13.9%)

1 participant in the

control group

(n=116; 0.9%; 95% CI 0.0-2.5%)

p=0.006

9.9 DAYS

48.0 DAYS

Intervention group

(SD 15.6, range 1-55)

Control group

(1 participant)

p=0.0004

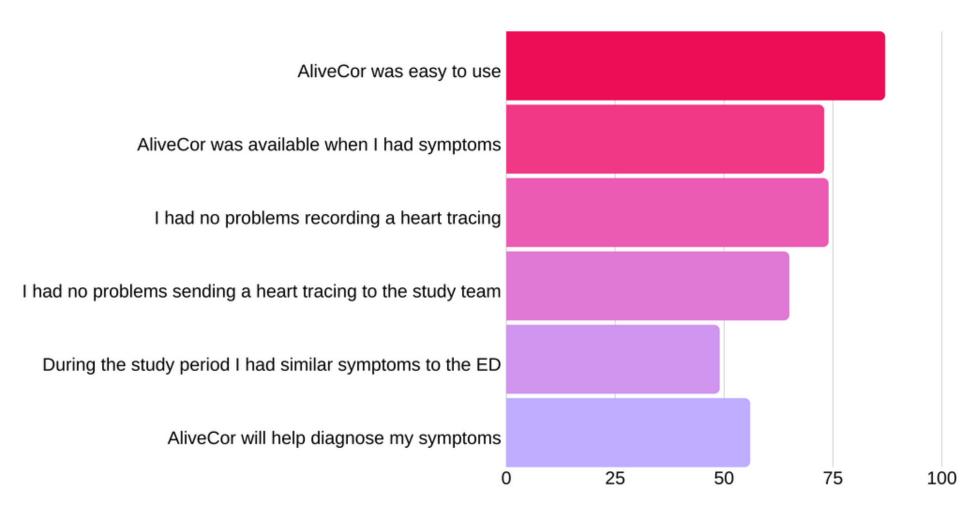
£474

£1395

Intervention group

Control group

PATIENT SATISFACTION



Percentage rated 'agree' or strongly agree' in returned surveys

The real story.....



CONCLUSION

A smart phone based event recorder should be considered as part of on-going care for all patients presenting acutely to EDs with unexplained palpitations or pre-syncope

WHAT NEXT?





Thanks to



Edinburgh

Neil R Grubb Christopher C Lang Rachel O'Brien Kirsty Simpson Mia Padarenga Alison Grant Miranda Odam

WTCRF

Sharon Tuck Cat Graham

Nottingham

Frank Coffey (PI) Claudia Woodford Lucy Ryan Sevim Hodge

Christopher Gough Sonya Finucane

Cecilia Peters

Philip Miller Janet Shepherd

Louise Conner

Plymouth

Jason E Smith (PI) Peter Wafer Susan Tyson Rosalyn Squire

Reading
Liza Keating (PI)
Michelle Hennessy
Niamh Tolan
Komal Lama
Nicola Jacques
Abby Gandy
Ayesha Hussain
Charlotte bower
Chrissie Ambrose
Christiana Da Silva
Shanies Mughal
Claire Burnett
Sarah MacGill

Chesterfield

Lucy Jones (PI)

Parminder Bhuie

Emily Hall Amanda Whileman Sue Glenn Jodie Bradder Julie Toms Heather Cripps Rachel Gascoyne

Tim Harris (PI)

Barts

Shelley Page
Rhys Thomas
Olivia Boulton
Georgia Norman
Helen Power
Imogen Skene
David Smith
Leicester
Tim Coats (PI)
Andrew Thomas
Lisa McLelland
Jayne Hill
Jeff Wilcock

Exeter

Gavin Lloyd (PI) Rachael Meek **Jennifer Small** Alison Potter Samantha Keenan Daisy Mackle Sara Eddy Angie Bowring Karin Gupwell Reading Liza Keating Taunton James Gagg (PI) James Allen Jayne Foot Medical and nursing staff in all

All EMERGE research nurses

participating EDs

