



A pilot, open labelled, RCT of hypertonic saline nasal irrigation and gargling for the common cold

ELVIS: The Edinburgh and Lothians' Viral Intervention Study

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28/03/2019 NHS R&D 2019

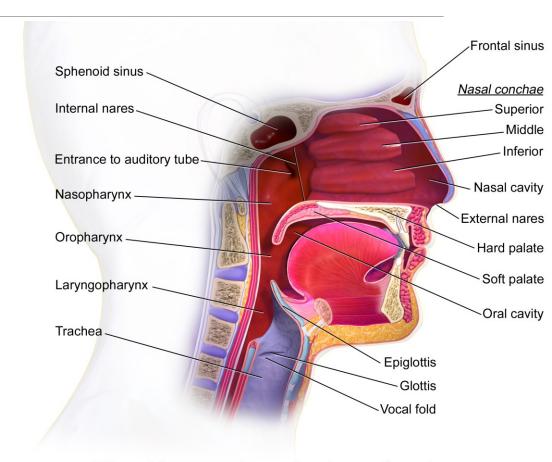
The need for a generic antiviral

The problem:

- Many types of viruses cause a common cold
- There are no antivirals
- We need a generic antiviral that works against:
 - DNA / RNA viruses
 - Enveloped / non-enveloped viruses

The story

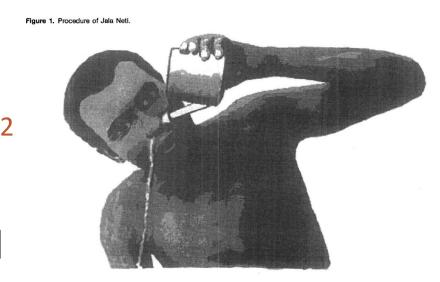
- Sore throat
 - Salt water gargles
- ENT surgery:
 - Nasal irrigation with Sodium Bicarbonate
 - Swapped NaCl
- Common cold



The Upper Respiratory System

Supporting Literature

- Nasal Irrigation for a year in wood workers ¹
 - Reduction in sore throat (p=0.009) & colds (p=0.03)
- Nebulised HTS in Cystic Fibrosis patients (bd) ²
 - Exacerbations reduced by 56% (P = 0.02)
- Nebulised HTS in Bronchiolitis: Being debated



- 1. Rabone SJ, et al. Acceptance and effects of nasal lavage in volunteer woodworkers. Occup Med (Lond). 1999 Aug;49(6):365-9.
- 2. Elkins M. R. et al. A Controlled Trial of Long-Term Inhaled Hypertonic Saline in Patients with Cystic Fibrosis. N Engl J Med 2006;354:229-40.

Effect of salts on Mengo virus

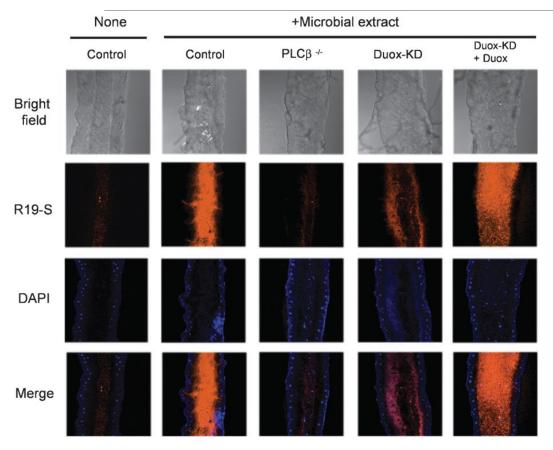
Diff. Sodium Salts				
Diluent	Virus LD ₅₀			
(150mM)	-lo	g ₁₀		
(130111141)	0'	120'		
NaCl	7.7	3.5		
NaClO ₄	8.4	7.5		
NaNO ₃	8.7	7.8		
NaH ₂ PO ₄	7.5	6.5		
Na ₂ HPO ₄	7.8	7.1		
Na ₂ SO ₄	7.8	7.2		
Na formate	8.2	6.8		
Na acetate	7.8	6.5		
DW	8.3	7.5		

Diff. Chloride Salts			
	Virus LD ₅₀		
Diluent			
	0'	120'	
NaCl (150mM)	7.7	3.4	
KCl (150mM)	8.0	3.5	
MgCl ₂ (75mM)	7.8	3.5	
CaCl ₂ (75mM)	7.1	3.5	
DW	8.3	7.8	

Diff. Halide Salts				
Diluent	Virus	LD ₅₀		
/1 FOres N/I)	-lo	g ₁₀		
(150mM)	0'	120'		
NaF	8.3	7.4		
NaCl	7.8	3.5		
NaBr	7.6	3.6		
Nal	7.7	4.5		
NaSCN	7.0	6.5		
DW	8.2	7.6		

Spier RW. Exp Biol Med (Maywood) February 1961 vol. 106 no. 2402-404

Fruit fly: Gut epithelial cells produce HOCl



Chen X et al. Chem. Commun., 2011, 47, 4373-4375

- They took some bacteria and ground it up and added sugar to it.
- Fruit fly were fed the sweet solution containing the bacterial lysate
- An hour later they cut open the fruit fly and stained the gut epithelium for HOCl
- Bottom Right Gut epithelial cells are fluorescing (i.e. producing HOCl)
- O HOCl is the active ingredient in bleach!

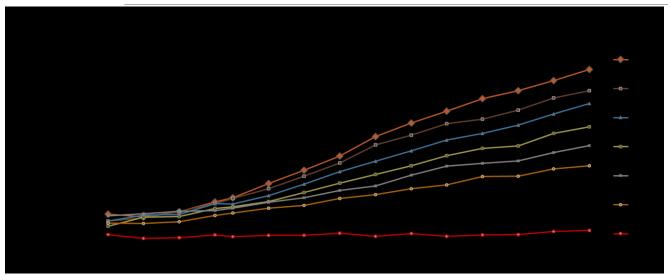
Hypothesis

Chloride salts (e.g. NaCl) can help suppress viral infection

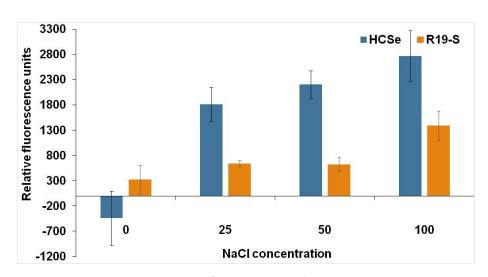
The suppression is mediated through increased HOCl production

 This antiviral mechanism can be used by the cell against different viruses

Effect of NaCl on eGFP HSV-1 in HeLa Cells

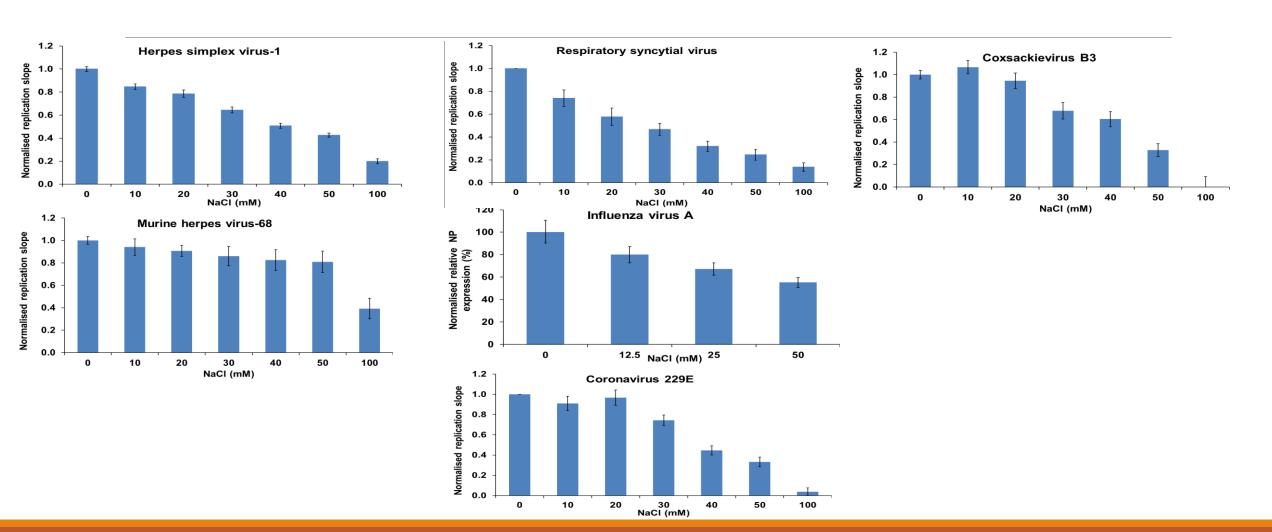


Dose dependent reduction in viral replication



HOCl production(as early as 2 hours)

DNA/RNA; enveloped/non-enveloped viruses inhibited:



Summary

- NaCl has a dose-dependent antiviral effect
- Antiviral effect is
 - Intracellular
 - Needs Chloride ion
 - Cl⁻ is converted to HOCl
 - If you block conversion of Cl⁻ to HOCl, viral inhibition is reversed
- Chloride salts can be a therapeutic antiviral agent

ELVIS: Aim & Outcome Measures

Primary outcome measure: What is the recruitment rate?

Secondary outcome measures:

Compliance

Acceptability

Difference in duration of symptoms

Difference in viral shedding

Sample Size

- Maximum of 80 participants
- Aimed to get feedback from ~30 participants / arm

- 27 per group: Can express proportion of those who return the symptom score diary
 & samples to within ±19%
- Based on a two-sided 95% CI around an expected proportion of 0.5
- Two groups combined (n= 54): Able to express proportion to within ±13%
- Allow for 10% dropouts: Sample size was increased to 30/arm

Inclusion

- >16 years
- URTI <48 hours of onset
- Yes to:
 - Do you have a cold? Or
 - Do you think you are coming down with a cold?
- **AND** Jackson Score of ≥2
 - 1. Nasal discharge
- 5. Headache
 - 2. Nasal obstruction 6. Malaise

3. Sneezing

7. Chilliness

4. Sore throat

8. Cough

At least one of the first four symptoms

Exclusion

- URTI >48 hours
- On antibiotics
- Pregnant
- Chronic conditions
- **Immunosuppressed**
- Allergic rhinitis

H/o allergy +

eye/nose itching or sneezing

- Unable to perform HSNIG
- Taking part in another medical trial

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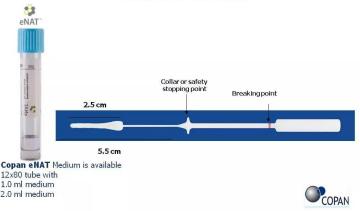
Both Groups

- Consented & Randomisation (online):
 - Minimisation by Sex and Smoking Status
- Taught:
 - To fill daily form (paper / online): (Max 14 days / until well for 2 days)
 - Wisconsin Upper Respiratory Symptom Survey 21 (WURSS-21)
 - EQ-5D-5L Quality of Life
 - Mid-Turbinate Swabs in eNAT medium (Copan, Italia):
 - Shown a video
 - Baseline + 4 subsequent days
 - Specimen posted with Royal Mail Safeboxes
- Allowed over the counter medication





Adult or older child mid-turbinate nasal flocked swab: code 56380CS01



Daily Forms: Based on WURSS-21 (2x"not unwell" OR 14 days max)

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Subject Number: _	Date:	Time:	•
	Daily Form – Day 1		

	Not unwell	ll Very Mildly		Mildly Moderately		ely	Severely	
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1 How unwell do you feel today?	0	0	O	0	0	0	O	0

Once you have answered 'not unwell' for 2 consecutive days or for a maximum of 14 days you do not need to complete any further information on the daily form. Please go directly to the 'End of study form'.

2. Please rate the average severity of your cold symptoms over the last 24 hours for each

symptom								
	Do not							
	have this	Very Mild	lly	Mildly		Moderate	ly	Severely
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Runny nose	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blocked (plugged) nose	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sneezing	0	0	О	0	O	0	0	0
Sore throat	0	0	О	0	O	O	0	0
Scratchy throat	0	0	О	0	0	0	0	0
Cough	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hoarseness	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Head congestion	0	0	О	0	О	O	О	О
Chest congestion	0	0	О	0	0	O	O	0
Feeling tired	0	0	O	0	0	0	O	0

3. Over the last 24 hours, how much has your cold interfered with your ability to:

3. Over the last 24 hours, now much has your cold interfered with your ability to:								
	Not at all	at all Very Mildly		Mildly Moderately			ely	Severely
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Think clearly	О	0	O	0	0	0	0	0
Sleep well	0	0	О	0	0	0	0	0
Breathe easily	0	0	O	О	О	O	0	О
Walk, climb stairs, exercise	0	0	О	0	O	O	O	0
Accomplish daily activities	0	0	О	0	O	O	0	0
Work outside the home	0	0	O	0	0	0	0	0
Work inside the home	0	0	О	0	0	0	0	0
Interact with others	0	0	О	0	0	0	0	0
Live your personal life	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

4. Compared to yesterday, I feel that my cold is:

Very much better	Somewhat better	A little better	The same	A little worse	Somewhat worse	Very much worse
0	O	O	0	0	0	O

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	and Louinans	vii ai iiitci	V CITCIOII	Juan

Subject Number:	Date:	Time:	
Da	ily Form – Day 1		
Procedure – All:			
5.a. Please note you are allowed	to either blow or not blo	ow your nose	before nasal
swab is collected. We just need to	know the procedure you	ı followed.	
Did you collect nasal swab?		Yes O	No O
If you by I would be a second of the second	or to collecting nasal swa	b? Yes O	No O

<u>Procedure – Intervention arm only, controls please go to Q9.</u>

5.b. If you performed the nasal irrigation procedure yesterday did you use the same concentration of solution? Yes O No O Did not perform yesterday O

if yes please go to Qo, if not:	
How much salt have you used?	gra
How much water have you used?	m

6. How many times have you performed the procedure in the last 24 hours? 0 O 1 O 2 O 3 O 4 O 5 O 6 O 7 O 8 O 9 O 10 O 11 O 12 O

7.	What techniques did you use?	Irrigation + gargle	C
		Irrigation only	C
		Gargle only	C
		None	C
	If a control of a control to all a control of a control of the con		

8. Did you notice any side effects? Yes O

If yes please indicate how severe you felt these:

	None					Severe
	0	1	2	3	4	5
Irritation	0	O	0	0	O	O
Burning	0	O	0	0	0	O
Pain	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dryness	0	O	0	0	0	0
Runny nose	0	O	O	O	O	O
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0

9. Since you last compl	eted th	nese q	uestior	ns have you taken any cold / flu relate
medications?	Yes	O	No	0

Edinburgh and Lothians Viral Intervention Study

Subject Number:	Date:	Time:
	Daily Form - Day 1	

To help people say how good or bad a health state is, we have drawn a scale (rather like a thermometer) on which the best state you can imagine is marked 100 and the worst state you can imagine is marked 0.

We would like you to indicate on this scale how good or bad your own health is today, in your opinion. Please do this by drawing a line from the box below to whichever point on the scale indicates how good or bad your health state is today.

Your own health state today

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11. Since you last completed these questions have you sought further medical attention for your cold?

	res	U	NO	O		
yes where did y	ou see	ek help	?			
GP	O					
Hospital	O					
Other	O ple	ease s	pecify:			

(If you have answered Yes to this question, please go to the "End of study form")

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Intervention Arm

- Taught: (<u>WWW.ELVISSTUDY.COM</u>)
 - To prepare hypertonic saline solution
 - To perform Nasal Irrigation and Gargling
 - Number of times: Depending on symptoms





Amount of Salt in grams to be added to make different volumes of solution Bowl - Choose the size that you find convenient. Concentration of solution					
Add g of salt to make solution	3.0%	2.5%	2.0%	1.5%	
100ml – Bowl	3g	2.5g	2g	1.5g	
200ml – Bowl	6g	5g	4g	3g	
500ml – Flask	15g	12.5g	10g	7.5g	



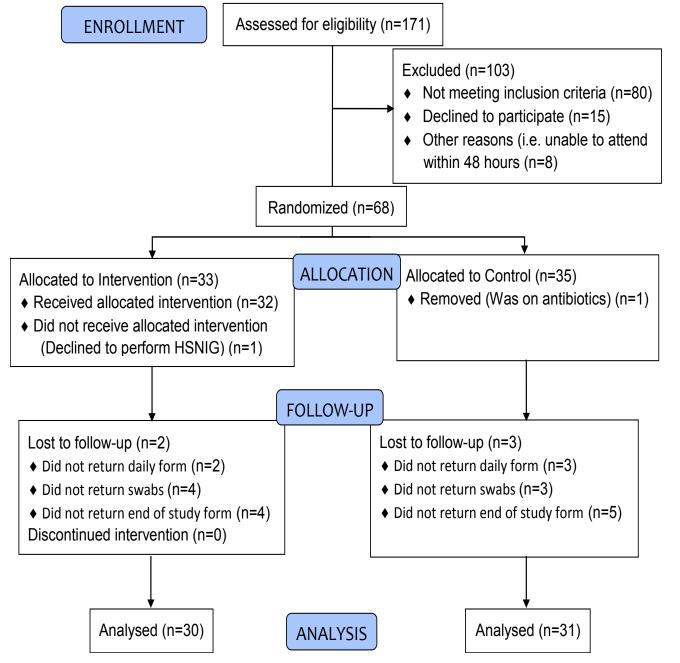
How to prepare and perform HSNIG:

Please visit

http://www.elvisstudy.com/nasal-irrigation-and-gargling.html

for instructions and videos.

CONSORT 2010 FLOW DIAGRAM



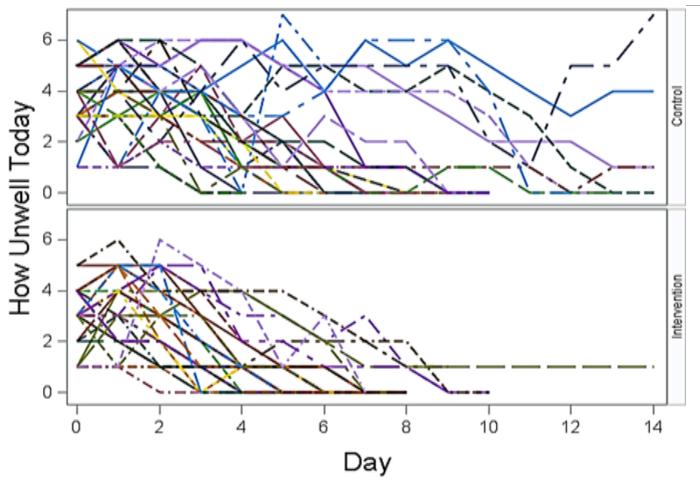
Baseline Characteristics Similar

	Inter	vention	Control	
	n	%	n	%
Randomised	32	100	34	100
Sex - F	24	75	25	74
Non/Ex-Smokers	31	97	31	91
>1 adults at home	26	81	29	85
No kids at home	19	59	19	56
Nobody sick before them	19	59	21	62
Full time employment	20	63	21	62
Part time employment	7	22	5	15
Full time education	4	13	4	12

	Interve	ntion	Control		
	Mean	SD	Mean	SD	
Age	34.6	9.3	39.4	10.9	
WURSS-21 Scot Score	65.9	13.6	63.7	17.4	
EQ-VAS (QoL score)	41.6	18.2	43.9	21.8	

Preference	%
Feedback	
Paper / Online	75 / 25
Hypertonic saline concentration	
3.0% / 2.5% /2.0%	81 /9/9

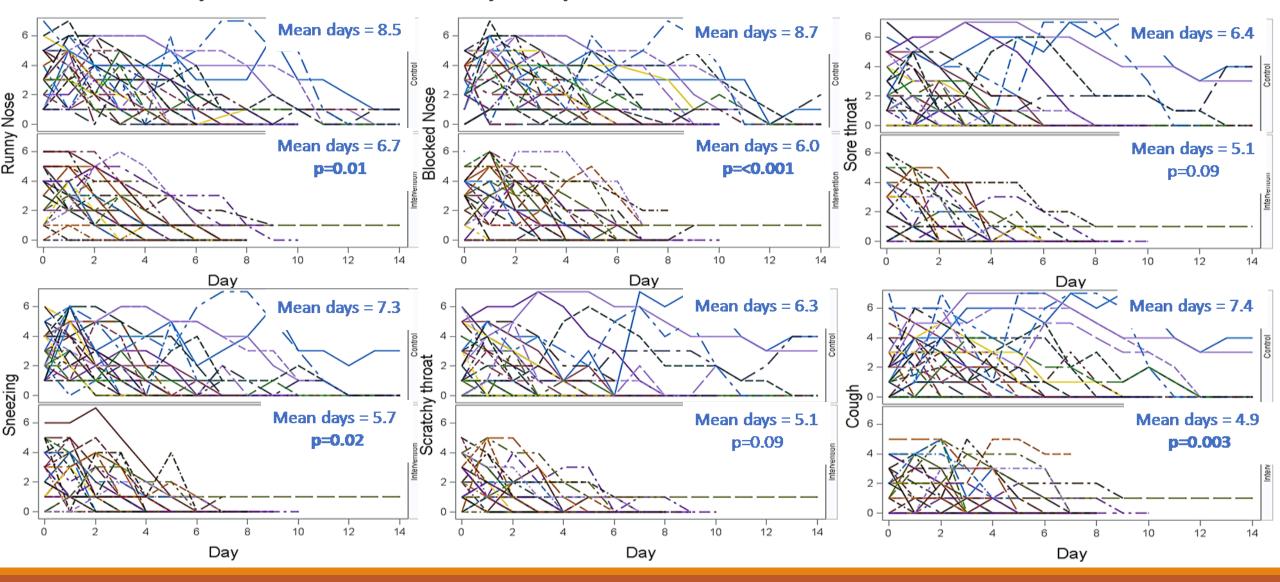
Intervention arm: Well 2 days earlier:



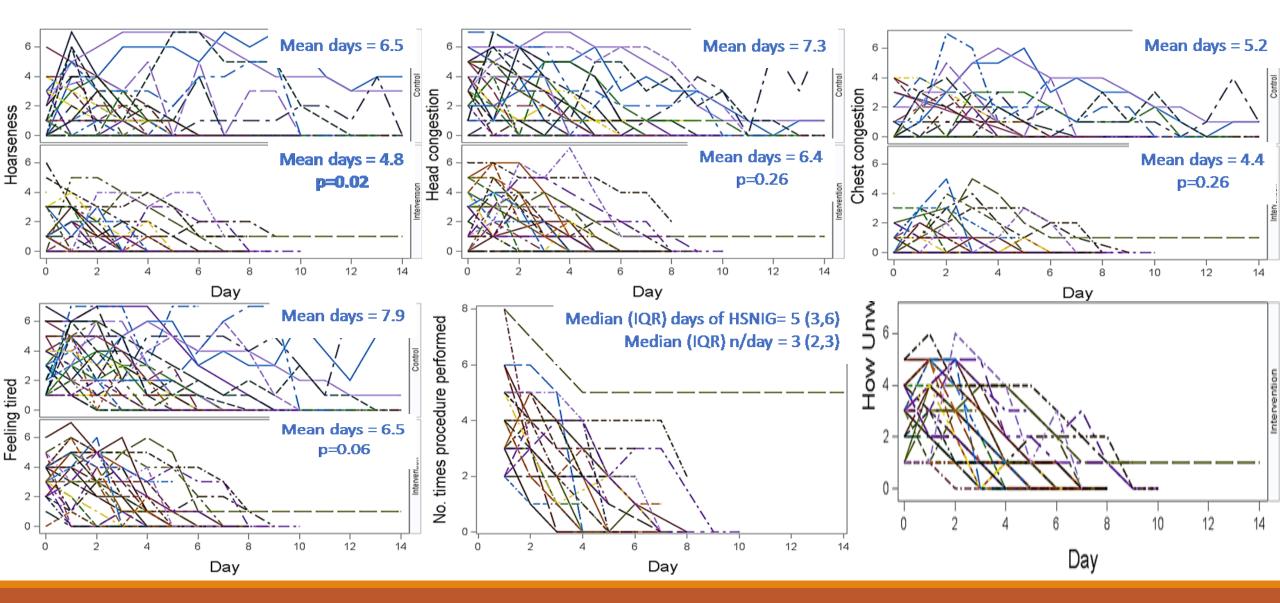
- Diary from 61 participants
 - 5 Did not reach end point on day 14
 - 11 Stopped before scoring 0 for 2 days
 - 8 Scored 0 on last day
 - 2 Scored 1 on last day
 - 1 Scored 6 on last day

	Interve n=3		Control n=31		р
	Mean	SD	Mean	SD	
Days	6.8	2.2	8.7	3.3	<u>0.012</u>

Days to clear symptoms:



Days to clear symptoms:



Feedback from participants

	Intervention		Control		n	
	n=28	%	n=29	%	р	
Time off work	3	11	7	24		
3 days off work	0	0	4	14		
Medication for URTI	14	50	25	86	0.004	
Symptoms after participant	8	31	19	66	0.005	

HSNIG – Feedback:

		n=28	%
Droporation of colution	Flask	24	86
Preparation of solution	Easy	28	100
	Small bowl	21	75
Procedure	Comfortable	11	39
	Moderately comfortable	14	50
Cleaning	Easy	27	96
Outside home	Easy	8	28
Outside nome	Moderately Easy	11	39
Carrying	Easy	16	57
Carrying	Moderately easy	7	25
On the whole	Convenient	11	40
On the whole	Moderately convenient	14	50

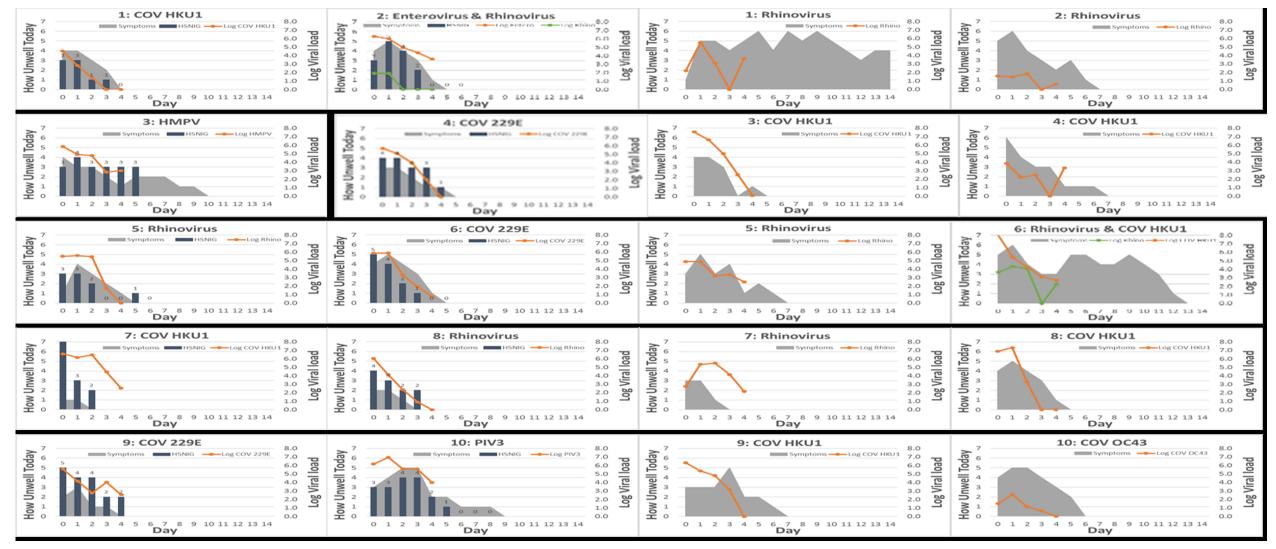
		n=28	%
Did HSNIG make a difference	Yes	26	93
Will you use procedure?	Likely	17	61
	Undecided	7	25
	Unlikely	4	15
If more convenient	Likely	24	86
	Undecided	2	7
	Unlikely	2	7
As a preventative measure	Likely	6	21
	Undecided	2	7
	Unlikely	20	72

Virology

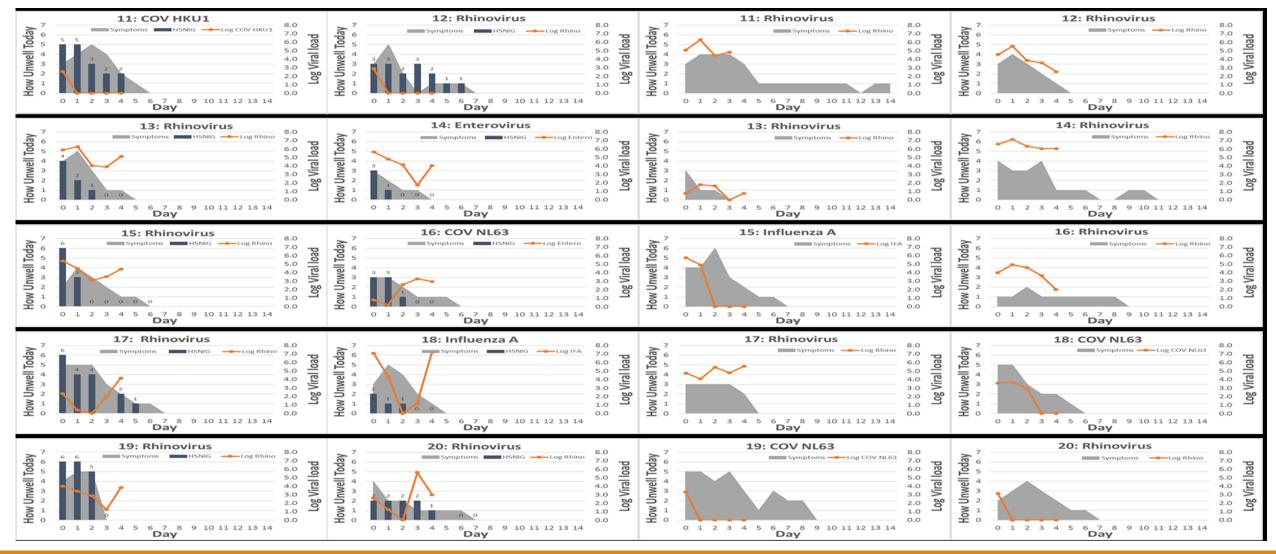
- 18 No virus identified
- 44 One virus
- 4 Two viruses identified
 - 3 Rhinovirus + enterovirus,
 - 1 Confirmed
 - o 1 − No followup
 - 1 Rhinovirus + Coronavirus OC43

	Intervention		Control	
	n=32	%	n=34	%
Rhinovirus	15	47	13	38
All Coronaviruses	7	22	8	24
Coronavirus 229E	3	9	0	0
Coronavirus OC43	0	0	1	3
Coronavirus HKU1	3	9	5	15
Coronavirus NL63	1	3	2	6
Influenza A	1	3	1	3
Respiratory syncytial virus	1	3	1	3
Parainfluenza virus-3	2	6	0	0
Enterovirus	2	6	1	3

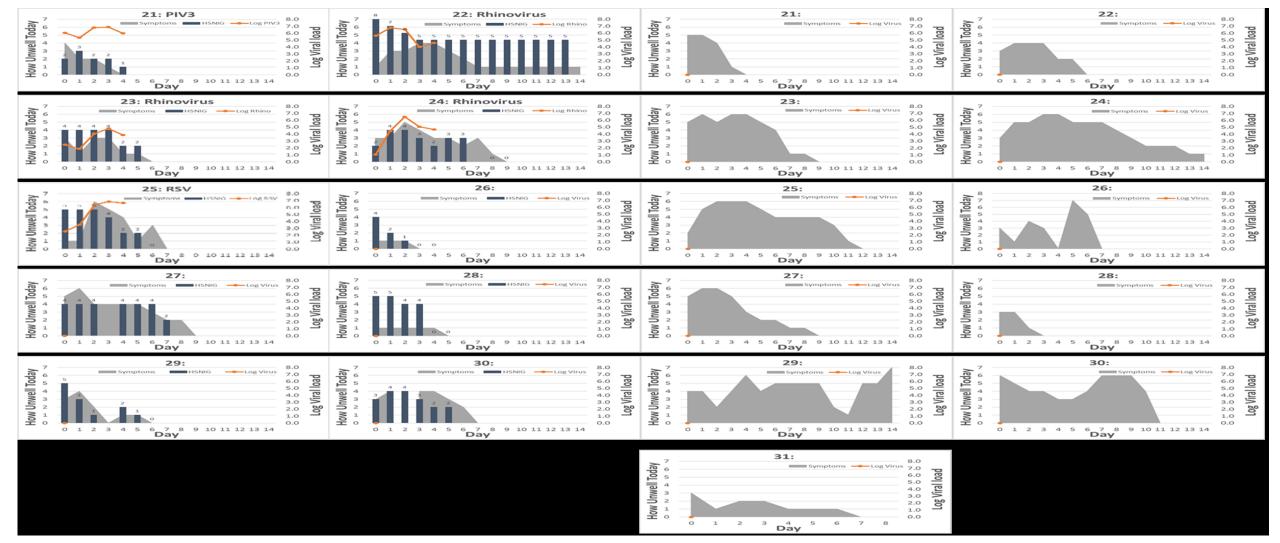
Symptoms, Irrigation Vs Viral shedding:



Symptoms, Irrigation Vs Viral shedding:



Symptoms, Irrigation Vs Viral shedding:



Reduction in Viral Shedding:

- The mean inter-assay variation for the Day 0 sample was 0.21 log_{10} (SD = 1.17)
- A reducing trend in viral shedding was seen on days HSNIG was done in 20 individuals.
- Among these viral shedding increased after HSNIG was stopped in 8/20 (40%)
- Two participants restarted HSNIG (1 with an increase in viral shedding)

Fall in viral shedding by ≥0.5 log10/day:

Intervention arm 73% [n=16/22]

Control arm 43% [n=9/21]

○ Difference -30%, 95% CI for difference in proportion (-58, -2) **(p=0.038)**

Conclusions:

Outcome measures	easures Our findings	
Are we able to recruit and retain participants?	Yes	
Is procedure acceptable?	Yes	
Is there a difference in the quality of life?	Less Medication	
Is there a Reduction in Duration of symptoms?	By 2 days	
Is there a Reduction in Viral Shedding?	Yes + Less transmission	

Time for a larger study with efficacy end points

ELVIS Kids in children (n=480):



We are looking for children who are healthy at the moment or have caught a cold in the last day to take part. kids

If you'd like to find out more go to: www.elviskids.co.uk or contact the ELVIS Kids study nurse on 07973 657457

- The average child gets 12 colds a year and the symptoms can last two weeks or more. There is no cure!
- This usually means a lot of lost sleep, days away from nursery or school (and work for adults in the family!).
- The Childrens Hospital in Edinburgh are doing a study to see if we can help children with colds get better more quickly.
- The study is looking to see if using salt water nose drops helps children recover quickly and less likely to pass on the cold to others.

Families completing the study will receive a £30 voucher to compensate for any inconvenience.



CHIEF SCIENTIST OFFICE SCOTLAND ELVIS Kids Poster/Flyer v2 07/05/2018

















Acknowledgements - ELVIS

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<u>Audrey Kuchnowsky, Jill Steven</u> and team

Ethics Committee

Lothian GP's

Participants

Colleagues: Aziz Sheikh, Catriona Graham and Lynn

Morrice

Prof. Bruce Barrett – Permission to use WURSS-21

Cornish Sea Salt – Philip Tanswell

<u>Copan Italia</u> – <u>Santina Castriciano</u>

Butterfly Films - Ryan

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R&D Department – Susan Shepherd

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